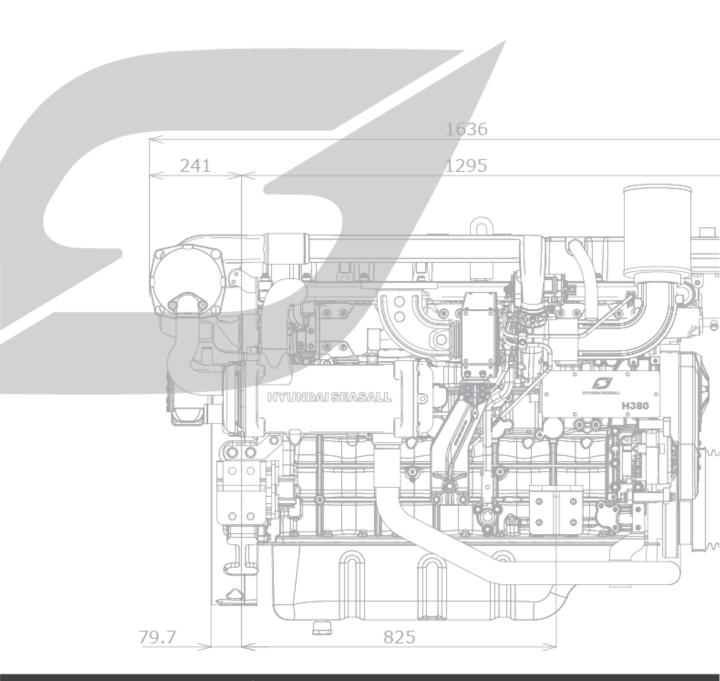


INSTALLATION & OPERATION MANUAL H380 SERIES ENGINES



Applicable to H380 model



H380 Series

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H380 Series

ABOUT THIS MANUAL

This engine installation and operation manual is provided as guidance for the installation of Hyundai SeasAll engine in a boat, and to describe engine operation. Its purpose is to provide technical information to aid in performing an effective engine installation so as to achieve both maximum performance and service life.

Hyundai SeasAll is committed to making clear and accurate information available for those who maintain, own and repair the H380 Series engines. Hyundai SeasAll values your input regarding revisions and additional information for our manuals.

- The manufacturer is not liable for any damages or losses caused by faulty installation, wrong handling of the equipment and/or deficient maintenance.
- The operator is responsible for the correct and safe operation of the engine and safety of its occupants and general public.
- It is strongly recommended that each operator read and understand this manual before installing and operating the engine.
- This manual as well as safety labels posted on the engine use the following safety alerts to draw your attention to special safety instructions that should be followed.
- This manual able to changed without notice



WARNING

DEVIATION FROM INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS AND OPERATION GUIDELINES MAY LEAD TO PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH TO OPERATORS AND NEARBY PERSONNEL.



CAUTION

DEVIATION FROM INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS AND OPERATION GUIDELINES MAY LEAD TO IMPROPER OPERATION, DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION OF THE ENGINE.



H380 Series

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Read and understand this operator's manual as well as other information supplied by Hyundai SeasAll for safer use of these products. Be sure to check your engine regularly.
- Do not use the engine for a purpose other than what is intended by Hyundai SeasAll.
 Do not modify the performance of the supplied engine without the express permission of Hyundai SeasAll. This can be dangerous, can shorten the life of your engine and can invalidate your warranty.
- Original and genuine parts supplied from Hyundai SeasAll must be used for inspections and maintenance. Hyundai SeasAll does not guarantee any damage caused by the use of imitation parts.
- Engine inspection and maintenance should be carried out by properly trained and factory approved service engineers.
- The engine should be inspected if the electronic engine control unit shuts down the engine.
- If you don't use the studs for PTO pulley, remove them for safety.

HOT SURFACES AND FLUIDS

 There is always a risk of burns when working with a hot engine. Be aware of hot parts like the turbocharger system, the exhaust system, hot coolant hoses, etc. Wait until the engine is fully cool to do inspection and maintenance.

REFUELING

- Refuel only after the engine completely stops.
- Use only the recommended fuel. The wrong grade of fuel can cause operating problems, can cause the engine to stop and can cause engine damage.
- Pay special attention to safe practices when refueling.

PAINT DAMAGE

 Damage of the engine or parts paint during maintenance and inspection can cause corrosion. Any damage must be repainted after inspection and maintenance.

WELDING ON ENGINE

 Welding directly on the engine block can cause damage to the engine control systems.
 The ECU and related electronic devices must be disconnected and removed if unavoidable welding is needed.

H380 Series

ENGINE BREAK-IN

INITIAL BREAK-IN PROCEDURE

The first 20 hours of operation is the engine break-in period. During this period, it is important that the engine is operated as outlined below.

- DO NOT operate engine at idle rpm for extended periods of time during the first 10 hours.
- DO NOT operate at any one constant speed for extended periods of time.
- DO NOT exceed 75% of full throttle during the first 10 hours except during the engine initial Break-In Procedure. During the next 10 hours, occasional operating at full throttle (5 minutes at a time maximum) is permissible.
- AVOID full throttle accelerations from neutral position.
- DO NOT operate at all full throttle until engine reaches normal operating temperature.
- FREQUENTLY CHECK engine oil level and add oil if necessary.

- Installation must be done and repairs must be performed using the special tools and procedures specified by Hyundai SeasAll.
- The limited warranty does not apply to any damage to our products caused by the installation or use of parts and accessories which are not manufactured or sold by us.
- Check for compliance with torque tightening requirements. (Contact your Hyundai SeasAll dealer or refer to the manual)
- Any gaskets, O-rings, seals or other sealing parts should be replaced with new parts during repairs.



WARNING

DO NOT DRIVE IN SPACE WHERE THERE IS NO AIR CIRCULATION. EMISSION GAS IS HARMFUL.





CHAPTER 1 ENGINE OVERVIEW

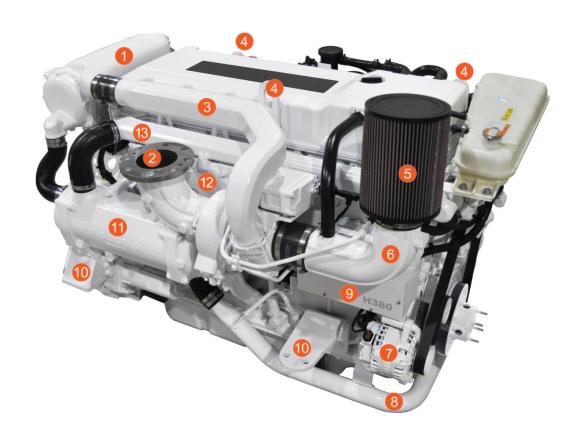
ENGINE COMPONENTS



- 1 FUEL FILTER
- 2 SWITCH BOX
- 3 SEAWATER PUMP
- 4 AIR INTAKE MANIFOLD
- 6 WATER SEPARATOR
- 6 OIL EXTRACTION PUMP

- ENGINE MOUNTING BRACKETS
- 8 OIL FILTER
- WATER PUMP
- 10 EXPANSION TANK
- 11 C.C.P.C.V.
- 12 ECU

H380 Series



- 1 INTERCOOLER
- DRY EXHAUST PIPE
- 3 TURBO-CHARGER OUTLET PIPE
- 4 LIFTING EYES
- AIR FILTER
- 6 AIR FILTER PIPE
- ALTERNATOR

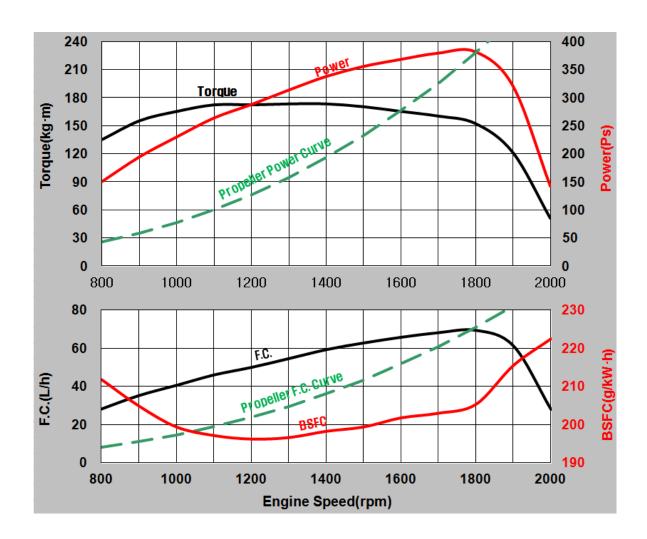
- 8 COOLANT PIPE (HEAT EXCHANGER OUTLET)
- 9 JUNCTION BOX
- 10 ENGINE MOUNTING BRACKET
- 11 HEAT EXCHANGER
- EXHAUST MANIFOLD
- (13) COOLANT PIPE (HEAT EXCHANGER INLET)



TECHNICAL DATA

	T
	H380
Engine type	4-stroke, 4-valve
	After-cooled, EUI, Turbocharger
Output ps (kW)	380ps (280)
rpm at full load	1800
Cylinders	I-6
Ignition sequence	1-5-3-6-2-4
Displacement [cm ³]	9,960
Bore [mm]	122
Stroke [mm]	142
Compression ratio	16.0 : 1
Max. torque [kgm]	170
@ speed [rpm]	1100
Injection system	EUI
Diesel fuel	at least CN 51 as per DIN EN 590
Intake air pressure (abs. bar)	2.5
@ speed [rpm]	1800
Coolant quantity (liter)	43
Coolant cap opening pressure (bar)	0.7
Engine oil (liter)	32
Engine oil pressure (bar)	2~3 (1750rpm,) 100 ℃(oil temp.)
Exhaust gas pressure (kPa)	Max .10
Alternator [A]	70A
Engine diagnosis	Yes
Weight (kg)	1,120
Battery capacity (AH)	24V, 100AH
Idle rpm warmed up (rev/min)	600
Permissible eng. oil temp (℃)	135
Permissible eng. coolant temp (℃)	105
Fuel Efficiency(L/h)	MAX. 69.8
	I .

PERFORMANCE CURVES



ENGINE IDENTIFICATION

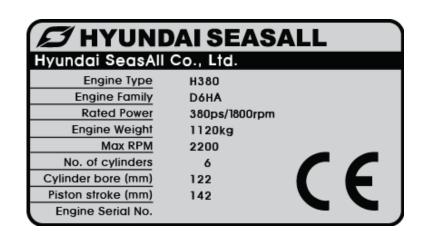
Engine identification is affixed to the engine block and the JUNCTION box (See figure).

SERIAL NUMBER ON THE ENGINE BLOCK



FORMAT: D6HAXXXXXX

ENGINE NAME PLATE



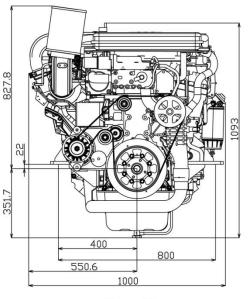
ENGINE SUSPENSION



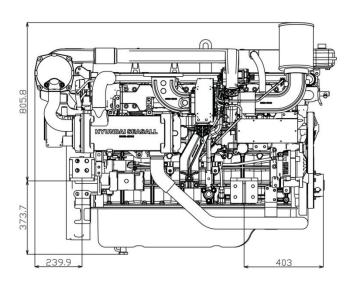
- To lift the engine, use the three engine eyes (see figure).
- To avoid engine damage, take care that engine lift chains or belts do not hit or touch surrounding parts during engine lifting.
- Use strong enough lift chains or belts to carry the engine weight safely.
- Keep the engine horizontal when you install or remove the engine from the engine room by using correct installation tools or adjusting the length of lifting belts or chains.
- Use strong enough lifting belts or chains to carry the engine weight safely.



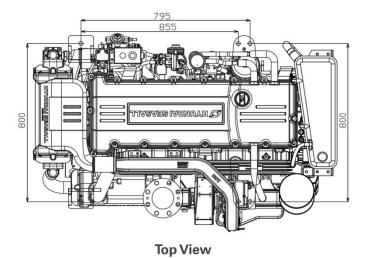
ENGIEN DIMENSIONS



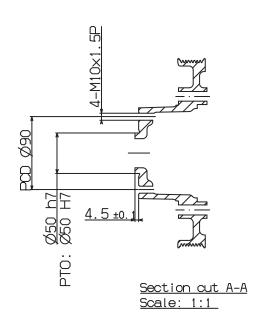
Front View

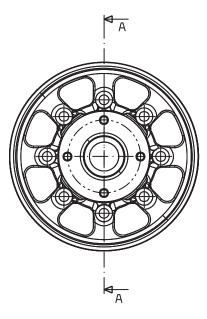


Side View



PTO PULLEY REFER DRAWING





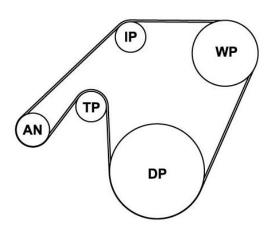
<CRANK PULLEY >

T/M ASSEMBLY BOLT PATTERN

• BELL-HOUSING : SAE1 • FLYWHEEL : SAE14

BELT INSTALLATION

MODEL: H380			
AN	ALTERNATOR		
DP	DRIVE PULLEY		
IP	IDLER PULLEY		
TP	TENSIONER PULLEY		
WP	WATER PUMP PULLEY		





H380 Series

CHAPTER 2 ENGINE OPERATION

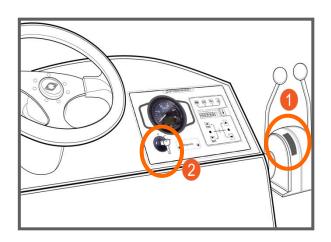
STARTING ENGINE

- Before starting the engine, you should check engine oil, coolant, gearbox oil, fuel gauge, seawater pump, battery, seacocks and so on.
- When you start the engine, check that the engine throttle lever ① is in the neutral position. If not, the engine may not start or there is possibility of the boat moving inadvertently. If your boat is equipped with a neutral safety switch, the engine will only crank when the engine throttle lever is in the neutral position. You can also check this on the EOI.
- After starting the engine, release the key ② immediately to prevent damage to the starter motor.
- Avoid maximum rpm and WOT (Wide Open Throttle) before the cold engine is fully warmed up.(40°C).
- When cold starting, it may take a few more seconds to start the engine.
- If the engine does not start in 10 seconds, Turn off the key and wait After 10 seconds try again. This method can help avoid starter motor damage.

 The engine room requires a constant supply of fresh air. Be sure that adequate ventilation systems are installed.

STOPPING ENGINE

- The engine should be run for a few minutes at idle (in neutral) before turning it off. This will avoid boiling and even out the temperature. This is especially important if the engine has been operated at high engine speeds and loads.
- Never switch off the main switches while the engine is running. This could damage some parts like alternator.





WARNING

DO NOT DRIVE IN SPACE WHERE THERE IS NO AIR CIRCULATION. EMISSION GAS IS HARMFUL.

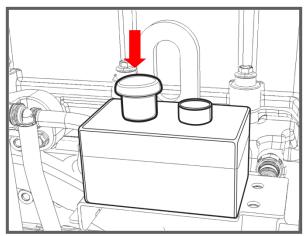




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EMERGENCY STOP

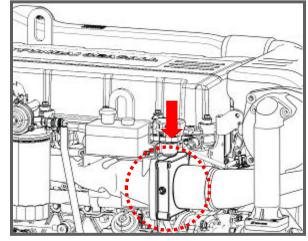
- You can stop the engine by pushing this button.
 After releasing the switch by twisting the button, you can start the engine again. (Normally, the button should be in the 'out' position.)
- When the switch is pressed or it doesn't work normally, the engine doesn't crank.
 We recommend that you check this switch first if there is any cranking problem.
- You can use this switch to avoid unexpected engine starting during maintenance.
- You can use this switch in any emergency situation.



Emergency Stop Switch

INTAKE AIR HEATER

- When turning the start switch ON, the coolant temperature sensor senses the engine coolant temperature and the control unit (ECU) controls the preheating time in accordance with the sensed coolant temperature.
- When the engine is started, the control unit (ECU) operates the air heater for a certain time. This preheats the engine and helps to reduce white smoke at start-up.
- If the indicator lamp blinks regardless of condition, check the related circuit for a blown fuse, fused relay etc. since this indicates a problem in the preheating heater system.



Air Heater



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WINTER OPERATION AND STORAGE

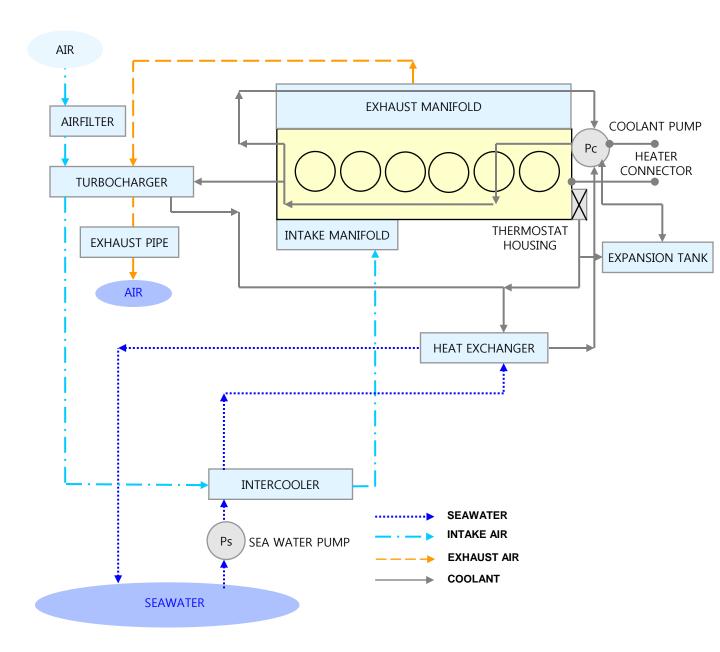
- When using or storing your engine under 0°C, protect all parts exposed to seawater (seawater pump, intercooler, heat exchanger, cooling lines, seawater strainer, valves and hoses) from freezing.
- The battery capacity decreases as the temperature drops. We recommend recharging the battery frequently. Check and clean all battery cable connections, as oxidized connections lead to voltage drops and starting difficulties.
- If water happens to freeze in engine, be sure to examine the engine for broken parts, exchange broken parts if necessary and thaw any frozen water before operating the engine.
- The engine may start even if there is ice in the cooling circuit. In this case, there is a chance that the sea water pump impeller will be damaged since it will not be lubricated by sea water.





CHAPTER 3 COOLING SYSTEM

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF ENGINE COOLING CIRCUIT





H380 Series

SEAWATER FLOW - OPEN COOLING CIRCUIT

Water strainer ← Water valve ← Water pickup

Seawater pump

2 Intercooler

3 Heat exchanger
↓
Seawater

WATER PICKUP

- Water pickup should be installed in an area where it won't pick up air bubbles and will access clean water during all phases of the engine operation.
- The seawater pickup inner diameter, as well as all other connecting fittings (hoses, connectors, seacock etc.) must be at least the size of the inner diameter of the inlet of the seawater pump.
 If not, it may inhibit the supply of sufficient water and cause the engine to overheat

WATER STRAINER

- Strainer should be located in an area where it will be easily accessible for periodic seawater flow inspection and cleaning.
- The size of strainer must be of sufficient capacity to pass the seawater (a flow rate over 400 liters per minute flow rate).
- Strainer must be installed after water inlet valve in order to allow user to shut off seawater when cleaning strainer filter.







CAUTION

IF THE SEAWATER STRAINER IS NOT PROPERLY ASSEMBLED, AIR CAN BE SUCKED INTO THE COOLING CIRCUIT, DISTURBING THE VACUUM PROCESS. THIS CAN CAUSE THE ENGINE TO OVERHEAT.



H380 Series

CLEANING STRAINER FILTER

- Stop the engine and close the water valve.
- Remove the filter cap.
- Remove the filter element, flush it thoroughly with clean water or compressed air.
- Insert the cleaned filter element and screw on the filter cap.
- Check the cap and the gasket for correct seating and sealing.
- Open the water valve.
- Start the engine and check if there is water leakage.





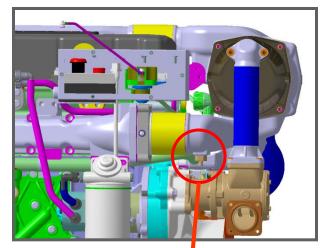
H380 Series

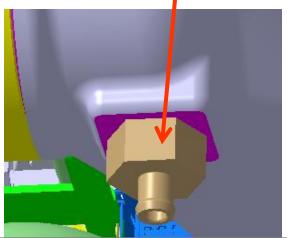
AUTOMATIC DRAIN VALVE

• The Automatic Drain Valve allows condensed water in the intercooler to drain when the engine is a idle or is stopped.

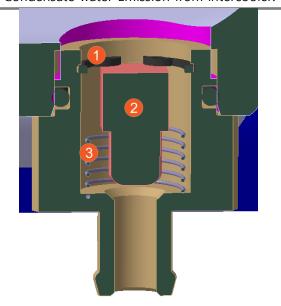
CHECKING AUTOMATIC DRAIN VALVE

- · Stop the engine and remove the Automatic Drain Valve from the intercooler.
- · Removing procedure:
 - Remove the Snap Ring ①
 - Remove the Plunger 2
 - Remove the Spring ③
 - Clean the inside of the Automatic Drain Valve with a cloth or by brushing
- Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
- Put the Automatic Drain Valve on a flat surface. Make sure that Snap Ring ① and plunger ② are in contact.
- If there is more than a 2mm gap between the Snap Ring ①, and the Plunger ② replace the spring.





Condensate water Emission from intercooler.



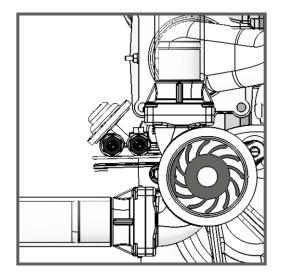
Snap-Ring

Plunger 👩 Spring

H380 Series

SEAWATER PUMP

- The internal diameter of hose connected to seawater pump inlet should be 50.8mm(2 inch).
- The cross section of the hose may shrink due to inlet pressure drop. Therefore, the hose from water pickup in the boat's hull to the seawater pump inlet should be as short as possible and must be made of steel wire reinforced material.
- The seawater pump impeller must be checked periodically and replaced if necessary.





CAUTION

IF THE WATERPUMP IS NOT PROPERLY ASSEMBLED, AIR CAN BE SUCKED INTO THE COOLING CIRCUIT, DISTURBING THE VACUUM PROCESS. THIS CAN CAUSE THE ENGINE TO OVERHEAT.



CAUTION

DO NOT RUN THE ENGINE WITHOUT SEAWATER. THE SEAWATER PUMP IMPELLER WILL BE DAMAGED. BEFORE STARTING THE ENGINE, BE SURE TO SUPPLY SEAWATER TO THE PASSAGES.



CAUTION

DO NOT INSTALL ADDITIONAL DEVICES WHICH COULD OBSTRUCT THE FLOW OF SEAWATER. THIS CAN CAUSE THE ENGINE TO OVERHEAT.

H380 Series

CHECKING SEAWATER PUMP & IMPELLER

- Stop the engine and close the water valve.
- Remove the impeller housing cover.
- Remove the impeller from inside the seawater pump.
- Check the condition of impeller and bushing.
- Apply soapy water to impeller when assembling, and reassemble towards rotation direction.
- Replace of the O-ring on the impeller housing cover.
- Open the water valve.
- Start the engine and check if there is water leakage.



CAUTION

DO NOT RUN THE ENGINE WITHOUT SEAWATER. THE SEAWATER PUMP IMPELLER WILL BE DAMAGED. BEFORE STARTING THE ENGINE, BE SURE TO SUPPLY SEAWATER TO THE PASSAGES.



CAUTION

IMPELLER DAMAGE MAY OCCUR IF APPROPRIATE TOOLS ARE NOT USED WHEN REMOVING THE IMPELLER. MAKE SURE TO CHECK ORING CONDITION AFTER SEAWATER PUMP REASSEMBLY.

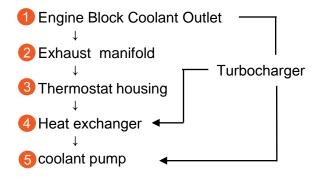


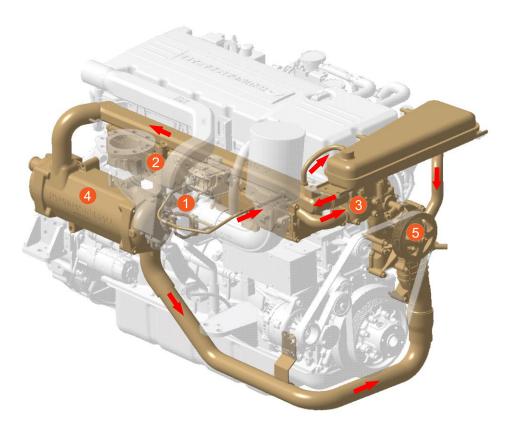
CAUTION

DO NOT INSTALL ADDITIONAL DEVICES WHICH COULD OBSTRUCT THE FLOW OF SEAWATER. THIS CAN CAUSE THE ENGINE TO OVERHEAT.



ENGINE COOLANT FLOW (OPENED COOLING CIRCUIT)





ENGINE COOLANT

- The coolant level should be between MAX and MIN marks on the side of the coolant reservoir when the engine is cool.
- As the engine temperature increases, the pressure inside the cooling system increases to 0.7 bar or more. To maintain proper pressure of the engine cooling system, water may be ejected from the expansion tank. This is normal. Replenish the coolant if this is observed.



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SUPPLEMENTAL ENGINE COOLANT

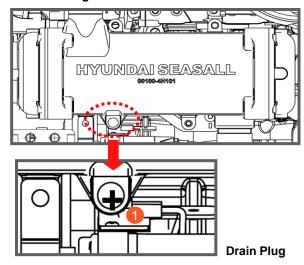
- If the coolant level is below level 'Low', add enough specified coolant to provide protection against freezing and corrosion. Coolant level should be between the MAX and MIN. But do not excess level 'MAX'.
- If frequent additions are required, contact an authorized dealer for a cooling system inspection.
- Use only soft (demineralized) water in the coolant mixture.
- The engine has aluminum engine parts and must be protected by an ethylene-glycol-based coolant to prevent corrosion and freezing.
- DO NOT USE alcohol or methanol coolant or mix them with the specified coolant.
- DO NOT USE a solution that contains more than 60% antifreeze or less than 35% antifreeze, which would reduce the effectiveness of the solution. For mixture percentages, refer to the table.

DRAINING COOLANT

- In order to drain engine coolant, please use a screwdriver to loosen the drain plug ①.
- The drain plug is located under the heat exchanger unit.

Ambient	Mixture Percentage(volume)				
Temperature	Antifreeze	Water			
-15℃ (5°F)	35	65			
-25℃ (-13°F)	40	60			
-35℃ (-31°F)	50	50			
-45℃ (-49°F)	60	40			

Heat Exchanger



H380 Series

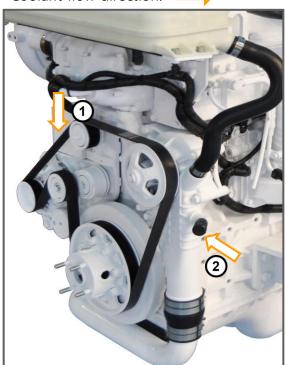
REMOVING AIR BUBBLES IN COOLANT

- Start the engine and warm it up at a low rpm.
- Stop the engine and allow the engine to cool, and then open the cap of the expansion tank carefully.
 - *NOTE: Never open the cap when the engine is hot. It may cause scalding.
- · Refill with coolant if needed.
- Reinstall the expansion tank cap
- · Check the level of the expansion tank regularly.

CABIN HEATER CONNECTION

- In order to use a cabin heater, an extra coolant circulation pump is needed.
- After connecting cabin heater lines, engine coolant must be refilled and checked.
- Please check coolant flow direction, as shown in the drawing.
- If a cabin heater is installed, the volume of the cooling circuit will be increased. It may be necessary to add an additional expansion tank to avoid losing cooling water as the expansion tank on the engine may not have sufficient capacity.
- Contact your Hyundai SeasAll dealer if you have any concerns.

Coolant flow direction:



1 To heater

2 From heater



WARNING

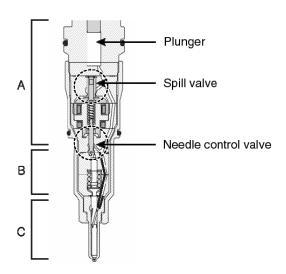
NEVER OPEN THE EXPANSION TANK CAP WHEN THE ENGINE IS OPERATING OR HOT. IT COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY AND MAY CAUSE ENGINE DAMAGE.

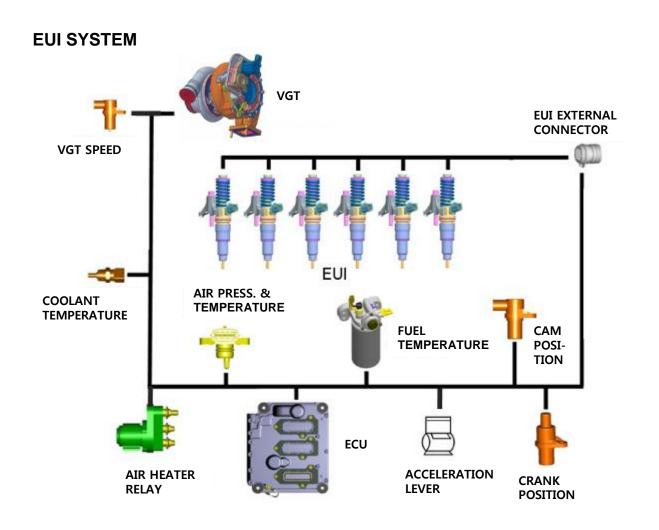


H380 Series

CHAPTER 4 FUEL SYSTEM

The unit injector consists of a pumping element (A), a controlling component (B), and a nozzle (C) as shown in the illustration. The pumping element (A) generates the fuel pressure as the force from the cam drives the plunger via the rocker arm. The controlling component (B) controls the operation of the spill valve and needle control valve by driving the solenoid according to the commands from ECU. Finally the nozzle element (C) injects the pressurized fuel into the cylinder.



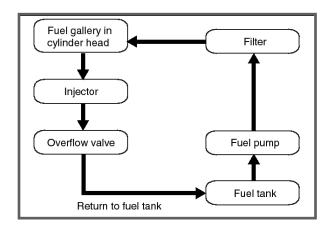




H380 Series

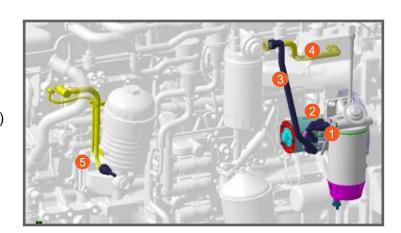
FUEL SUPPLY SYSTEM

- The fuel system consists of an electronic control unit (ECU), unit injectors, a fuel pump, fuel lines, a fuel filter, an overflow valve, a fuel tank etc.
- Fuel from the fuel filter is supplied into the fuel gallery in the cylinder head. After fuel is injected by six unit injectors it passes through the overflow valve installed at the exit of the fuel gallery. Fuel returned from the cylinder head goes back into the fuel tank.
- Accordingly, the fuel system continues to supply the proper amount of fuel required by the engine as determined by the control unit (ECU).
- The fuel supplied from the fuel pump to the engine is injected by the injector, the remaining fuel returns to the fuel tank.



FUEL LINE

- From fuel tank to separator
- ② From separator to fuel pump
- ③ From fuel pump to fuel filter
- 4 From fuel filter to fuel gallery
- ⑤ From fuel gallery to fuel tank (return)



The inner diameter of the fuel hoses should be at least Ø10

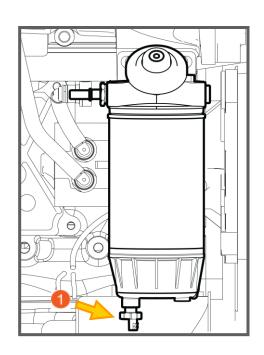
RECOMMENDED FUEL QUALITY

The following fuels should be used for engine operation:

- Standard summer / winter diesel fuel according to DIN EN 590 (classes A-F)
- Diesel fuel according to DIN EN 590 (classes 0-4) in arctic climates
- Summer diesel fuel according to California and U.S. federal regulations
- Winter diesel fuel if lubricity is comparable to diesel fuel according to DIN EN 590
- Mixture of diesel fuel with 5 Vol.% RME according to DIN 51606
- Other admixing or additional use of additives, gasoline or special fuels is not permitted

DRAINING WATER FROM FUEL FILTER

- The water separator for a diesel engine plays the important role of separating water from fuel and accumulating the water in its base.
- If your fuel is not well suited to your engine, more frequent drainage will be required.
- To check and drain the water in fuel filter:
 - 1) Loosen the drain plug (part ①) and drain water.
 - 2) After water is drained, securely tighten the drain plug.





CAUTION

HYUNDAI SEASALL'S GUARANTEES OR WARRANTIES ARE VOID IN CASES WHERE DAMAGE TO FUEL INJECTON COMPONENTS (HIGH PRESSURE PUMP, INJECTORS, ETC.) CAN BE ATTRIBUTED TO THE USE OF UNQUALIFIED FUELS.

IF WATER ACCUMULATED IN THE FUEL FILTER IS NOT DRAINED AT PROPER TIMES, DAMAGE TO MAJOR ENGINE PARTS MAY OCCUR. WHEN REPLACING THE FUEL FILTER CARTRIDGE, USE ONLY GENUINE HYUNDAI SEASALL PARTS.





H380 Series

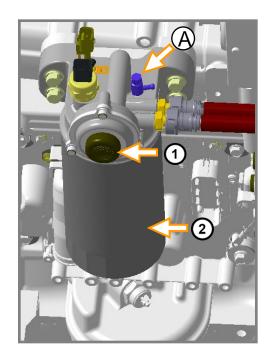
CHANGING FUEL FILTER

When replacing a fuel filter element

- · Clean around the fuel filter.
- Loosen air vent bolt on fuel filter and relieve the pressure in the fuel line.
- · Replace the filter element.

(Replacement of the filter cartridge)

- Check if there is any gasket on the cartridge when replacing it.
- 2) Apply oil to gasket and tighten it sufficiently by hand.
- 3) Tightening torque regulation: 43.1±2Nm (4.4±0.2 kgf.m, 31.8±1.4 lb.ft)
- Pump until fuel drains from air vent, using priming pump.(Pumping time can be reduced by filling a new cartridge with fuel before mounting)
- Air bleeding of cylinder head side is not necessary when replacing a filter and generally it is possible to start the engine using the normal cranking procedure.
- Tighten the air vent bolt 'A'.
- Start the engine and check if there is fuel leakage.



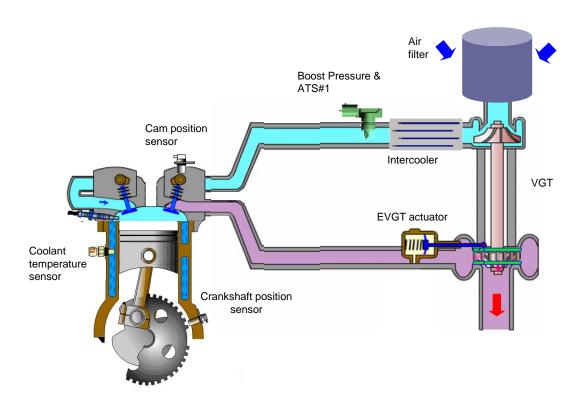
1 Priming Pump





CHAPTER 5 INTAKE & EXHAUST SYSTEM

The intake air system of this engine is optimized by EVGT and a highly efficient intercooler system. The pressure of the air system is up to about abs. 2.7 bar in order to optimize engine combustion.



ENGINE ROOM VENTILATION

- Engines with turbo-charger air inlet systems require much more air pumped and cooled.

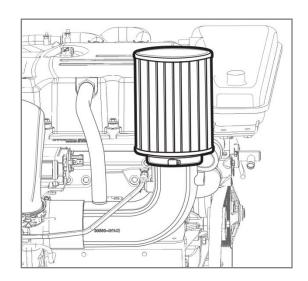
 (Maximum air consumption is 1,400kg/h.)
- The fresh and cooled air must be pumped into the engine in order to perform at normal power and fuel consumption.
- The temperature at the air inlet should be as low as possible. A high temperature of inlet air may reduce engine performance.



H380 Series

CHECK AIR FILTER

- The original Hyundai SeasAll air cleaner may be cleaned and reused.
- If the air filter is very dirty, it can increase airflow resistance and reduce flow of air to the engine.
 This can result in reduced power and fuel efficiency.
- Cleaning the air filter should be carry out periodically according to the procedure below.
- Do not clean the filter element with gasoline or other solvent cleaners.



CLEANING AIR FILTER

- · Remove the air filter from engine.
- Put the air filter on a flat surface and shake dust out.
- Liberally spray K&N Air Filter Cleaner onto both sides the of filter and allow to soak for 10 minutes to loosen the dirt.
- Wash out the dust with running water of low pressure from the inside toward the outside.
- Dry the wet air filter in the shade for 2 ~3 hour.
 You can reduce drying time by blowing with a hair dryer on COLD or by blowing with low pressure compressed air.

(CAUTION) Do not use high pressure air, high pressure water or hot air to clean and/or dry the air filter. These can damage the performance of the air filter.

- Apply air cleaner oil over the outside of the filter. If too much oil is applied, it will reduce performance.
- · Reassemble air filter to engine.



CAUTION

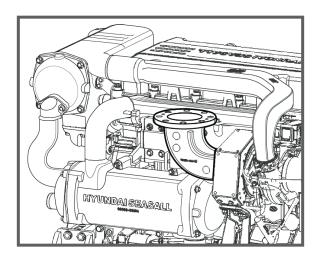
WHEN REMOVING THE AIR FILTER, BE CAREFUL THAT DUST OR DIRT DO NOT ENTER THE AIR INTAKE, OR DAMAGE MAY RESULT. AND DO NOT RUN WITHOUT AIR CLEANER. THIS COULD RESULT IN EXCESSIVE ENGINE WEAR. USE OF NON-GENUINE PARTS COULD DAMAGE THE TURBO CHARGER OR ENGINE.

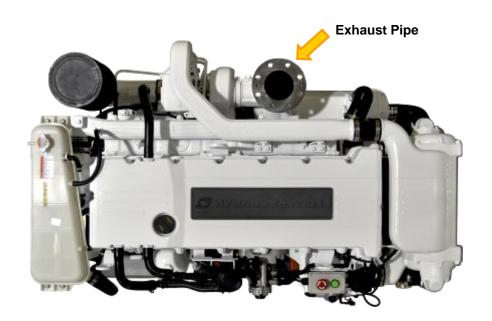


H380 Series

EXHAUST SYSTEM

- DO NOT extend or bend the pipe in exhaust line excessively.
- The exhaust gas pressure should not exceed 145 ± 10 mmHg @1800rpm for the best performance of the engine. Be sure that rain does not fall into the exhaust pipe.
- The exhaust pipe can be rotated 90° according to the installation requirements. Tighten the exhausted pipe to the reinforced bracket to prevent damage from vibration.







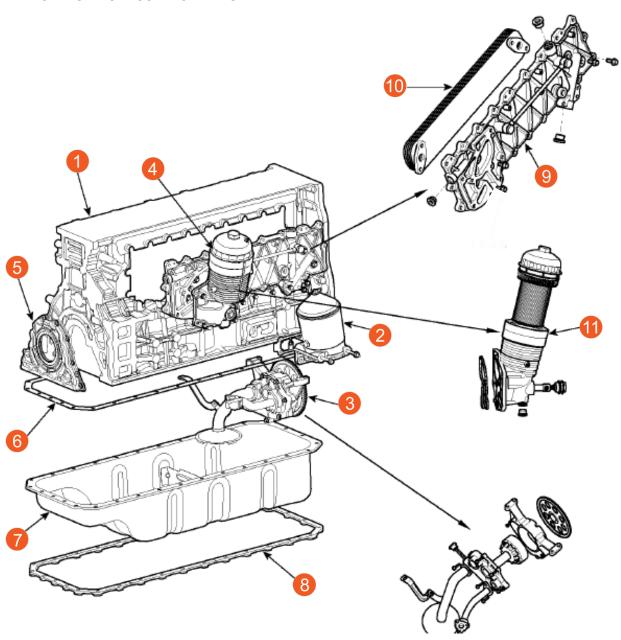
CAUTION

IF IN DOUBT ABOUT EXHAUST SYSTEM INSTALLATION, PLEASE CONTACT YOUR NEAREST HYUNDAI SEASALL DEALER.



CHAPTER 6 LUBRICATION SYSTEM

LUBRICATION COMPONENTS



- 1 Cylinder block
- 2 Oil bypass filter assembly
- 3 Oil pump assembly
- 4 Oil filter & Oil cooler assembly
- Front cover

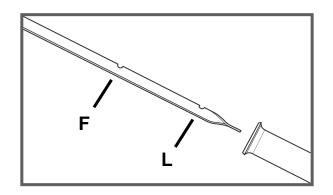
- **7**Oil pan
- 8 Plate
- 9 Oil cooler assembly
- 10 Element
- 11 Oil filter assembly

H380 Series

ENGINE OIL LEVEL CHECKS

The engine oil level must be checked at regular intervals.

- · Be sure the boat is level.
- Start the engine and allow it to reach normal operating temperature.
- Turn the engine off and wait about 5 minutes, until the oil has returned to the oil pan.
- Pull the dipstick out, wipe it clean, and reinsert it fully.
- Pull the dipstick out again and check the level.
 The level should be between F and L. If it is
 near or at L, add enough oil to bring the level
 to F. Do not fill with engine oil above the F
 mark.



RECOMMENDED OIL QUALITY

For best performance and maximum protection during all types of operation, select only those lubricants which :

- Satisfy the requirement of the API or ACEA classification.
- Have proper SAE grade number for expected ambient temperature range.

Description		Specifications	Limit
	ACEA	Above B4	Service oil quality should conform to ACEA or API
	10W-30 -20°C ~ 40°C	classification.	
Oil quality		15W-40	-15°C above
		10W-30	-20°C ~ 40°C
	SAE	5W-30	⁻ 25°C ~ 40°C
	0W-30	10°C below	

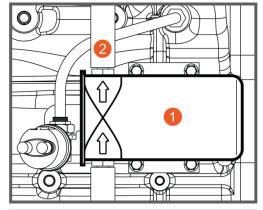
H380 Series

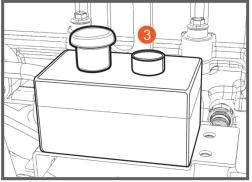
ENGINE OIL EXTACTION PUMP

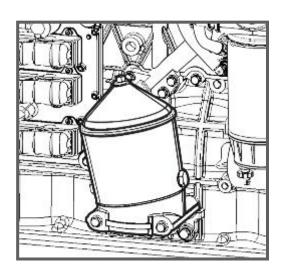
- Allow the engine to warm up at least 5 minutes then turn off engine.
- · Remove the engine oil filler cap and oil filter.
- The oil drain hose is connected to the oil extraction pump ①. Route the loose end of the hose into the container being used for the oil change ②.
- Turn the ignition key on (but do NOT start the engine) then press and hold the button ③ until the engine oil completely pumped out.
- When you stop pushing the button, the pump will turn off.

CHECKING BYPASS OIL FILTER

- Close the oil flow from the lubricant system by stopping the engine or using the valve.
- Loosen the rotor cover nut and remove the rotor cover from the rotor body.
- Using the spatula remove the accumulated sediments in the rotor cover. Wash the components of the rotor using proper detergent.
 All components of rotor (including two nozzles in rotor body) are washed thoroughly, make sure that there are not fragments' scrap and other contaminants before installation.
- Check the O-ring of the rotor assembly for damage. If needed, replace it with a new one.
- Install a new gasket to the rotor cover.
 Reassemble the rotor assembly.
- Replace the rotor and make sure that the rotor rotates smoothly.
- Replace the filter cover and tighten the cover nut to the specified torque. <Cover nut tightening torque: 12.7~16.7 N.m(1.3~1.7 kgf.m, 9.4~12.3 lb-ft) >









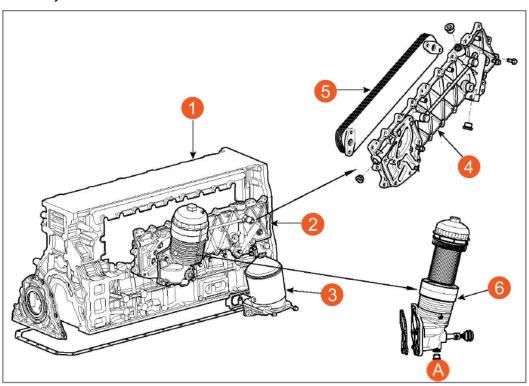
REPLACING FULL FLOW OIL FILTER

- Remove the drain plug(A) at the lower part of oil filter and drain the engine oil.
- Remove the cap of oil filter upper part and remove the oil filter.
- Install new oil filter. Be sure to replace the gasket with a new one.
- Run the engine and check for the oil leaks.
- Turn off the engine and check the oil level. Add oil if necessary.



WARNING

USED OIL MUST BE STORED IN A SAFE PLACE AWAY FROM CHILDREN AND SOURCES OF IGNITION. IF YOU HAVE A USED OIL DISPOSAL PROBLEM, PLEASE HAVE THE ENGINE OIL CHANGED BY YOUR NEAREST HYUNDAI SEASALL SERVICE DEALER.



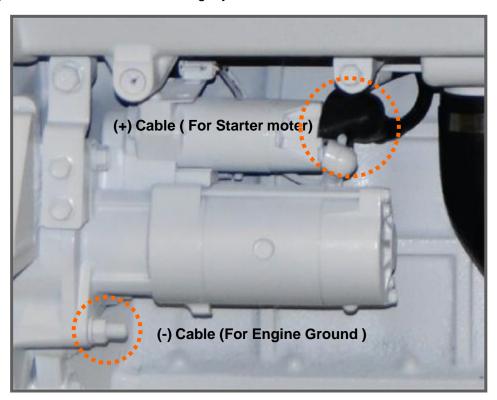
- Cylinder block
- Oil filter & Oil cooler assembly
- 3 Oil bypass assembly

- 4 Oil cooler assembly
- 5 Element
- 6 Oil filter assembly

CHAPTER 7 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

BATTERY CABLE CONNECTIONS

- 1) The diameter of battery cable should be at least 40mm² within a length of 4m.
- 2) And it should be at least 50mm² if the cable is longer than 4m.
- 3) Recommended battery capacity is over 100 amperes.
- 4) Connect the battery (+) cable to the start motor.
- 5) Connect the battery (-) cable to system ground (engine block).
- 6) Battery cables should be clean and tightly connected.



ELECTRICAL STARTING

- 1) Where main internal combustion engine are arranged for electrical starting, at least sets of batteries are to be fitted.
- 2) The arrangement is to be such that batteries cannot be connected in parallel.



CAUTION

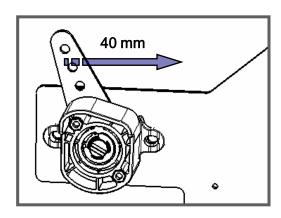
DO NOT TOUCH OR REMOVE ELECTRICAL PARTS WHEN STARTING OR DURING OPERATION.

KEEP HAND, HAIR, AND CLOTHES AWAY FROM THE FLYWHEEL AND OTHER ROTATING PARTS WHILE THE ENGINE IS RUNNING.

H380 Series

ACCELERATION SENSOR AND CONTROL LEVER

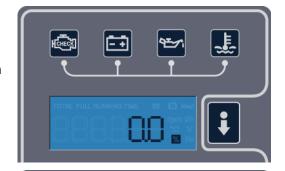
 When installing control lever cable to acceleration sensor, be sure that the acceleration sensor lever is fully released to the idle position and fully pulled to the full-load position. The swing distance of lever between idle and full-load position is 40mm.



PROCEDURES FOR CONTROL LEVER INSTALLATION

Idle position setting

Make sure that the position value (%) indicates 0% in neutral position



Full load position setting

Make sure that the position value(%) should indicates full load range(100%) at full forward lever position. If not, disassemble and adjust the base neutral position of the control lever by moving it to the rear until the conditions are met.



• You can see the value(%) of lever position on the LCD display of rpm gauge as well as EOI.





CAUTION

YOU SHOULD PERFORM ABOVE PROCEDURES AFTER CONTROL LEVER INSTALLATATION WITH THE ENGINE NOT RUNNING BUT WITH THE IGNITION KEY ON.

H380 Series

BATTERY CHECKS

Battery inspection is very important in electronically controlled engines: You must check the battery condition regularly.

LOAD TEST

- Perform the following steps to complete the load test procedure for maintenance-free batteries.
- Connect the load tester clamps to the terminals and proceed with the test as follows:
 - ① If the battery has been charged, remove the surface charge by connecting a 300 ampere load for 15 seconds.
 - ② Connect the voltmeter and apply the specified load.
 - ③ Read the voltage after the load has been applied for 15 seconds.
 - 4 Disconnect the load.
 - ⑤ Compare the voltage reading with the minimum acceptable voltage shown in the table below. If the voltage is greater than shown in the table, the battery is good. If the voltage is less than shown in the table, replace the battery.

Voltage	Temperature			
18.5 V	20°C (70°F) and above			
18.4 V	16°C (60°F)			
18.3 V	10°C (50°F)			
18.1V	4°C (40°F)			
17.9 V	-1°C (30°F)			
17.8 V	-7°C (20°F)			
17.7 V	-12°C (10°F)			
17.5 V	-18°C (0°F)			



WARNING

BATTERY MUST BE STORED AND WORKED ON IN A SAFE PLACE AWAY FROM CHILDREN AND SOURCES OF IGNITION.
FLUID IN THE BATTERY IS A CORROSIVE ACID AND MUST BE HANDLED WITH CARE. IF SPILLED ON ANY PART OF BODY, FLUSH IMMEDIATELY WITH WATER.



CAUTION

DO NOT LOOSEN OR DETACH BATTERY TERMINALS WHILE ENGINE IS RUNNING. DOING SO WILL DAMAGE THE CHARGING SYSTEM AND OTHER ELECTRONIC DEVICES.



H380 Series

FUSE AND RELAYS

1 SYSTEM FUSE BOX (IN JUNCTION BOX)

- Alternator_40Amp
- Alternator_40Amp



(스타터 보조)

PUSE BOX(IN JUNCTION BOX)

• Ignition power: 5 Amp

• VGT power : 15 Amp

Main power: 20 Amp

Air heater auxiliary: 5 Amp

• Starter auxiliary: 5 Amp

• Fuel heater : 20 Amp

5A IGNITION POWER (이그니션 전원) 20A MAIN POWER (메일 릴레이) 5A STARTER AUX 20A FUEL HEATER

FUSES

- An engine's electrical system is protected from electrical overload damage by fuses.
- If a fuse has blown, the element inside the fuse will be melted. If the electrical system does not work, first check the fuses in junction box. Always replace a blown fuse with one of the same rating.
- If the replacement fuse blows, this indicates an electrical problem. Avoid using the system involved and immediately consult an authorized Hyundai SeasAll dealer.



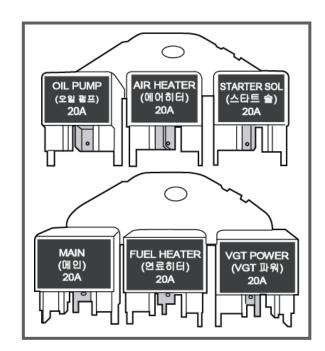
(연료히터)



H380 Series

RELAY

- Oil pump_20Amp
- Air heater_20Amp
- · Starter sol_20Amp
- Main_20Amp
- Fuel heater_20Amp
- VGT power_20Amp

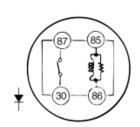


• Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity between each terminal.

Terminal	Continuity
30 - 87	NO
85 - 86	YES

- Check for continuity between the terminals 30 and 87.
- Always replace the damaged relay with one of the same rating.





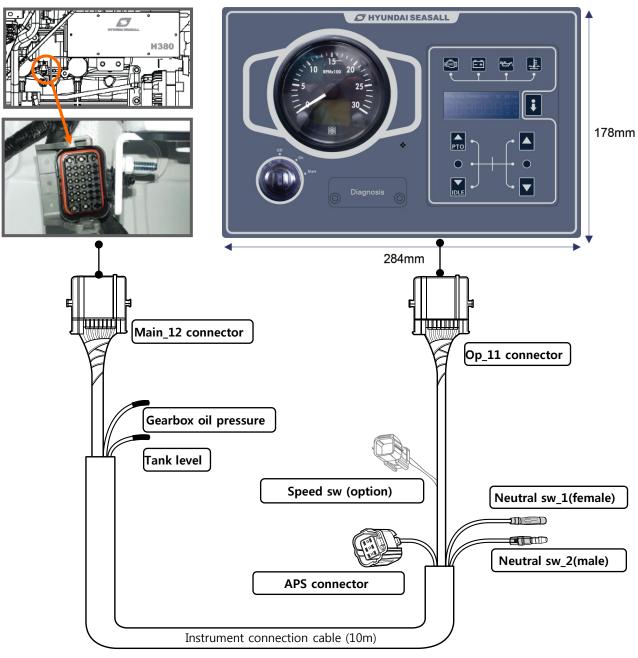


H380 Series

CHAPTER 8 EOI SYSTEM

The Engine Operating Indicator (EOI) system gives you a lot of information about the engine's current operation. You can hear alarm beeps and see information including RPM, coolant temperature, warning lamps, error codes and engine working time. If the switch is on, warning lamps for battery, engine oil, etc. flash. When the engine starts normally, all the lamps turn off. If there is a problem, the specific lamp will come on. In this case, contact your Hyundai SeasAll dealer and have the engine checked as soon as possible.

INSTRUMENT CONNECTIONS



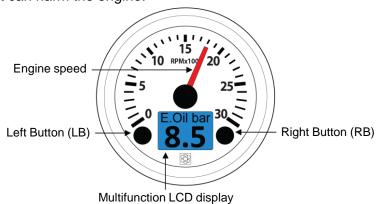
If there is no neutral switch, you must connect the neutral switch-1 and neutral switch-2 of the instrument connection cable.



H380 Series

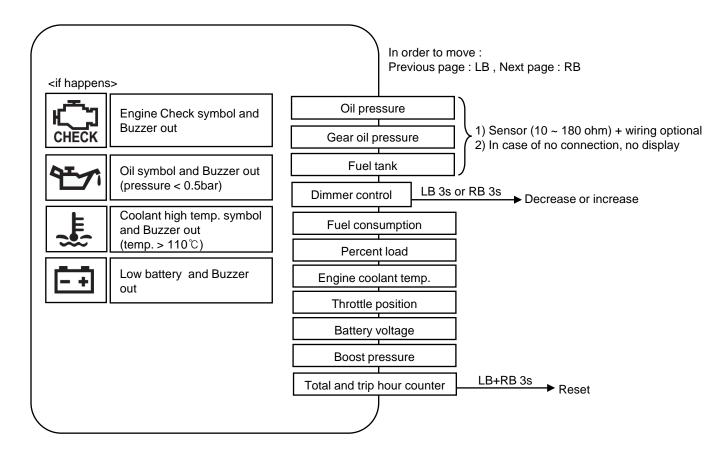
RPM GAUGE

- 1) When the ignition key is in the ON position, this gauge will work.
- 2) This gauge indicates real-time engine rpm.
- 3) Avoid maximum rpm and Wide Open Throttle (WOT) before a cold engine is fully warmed up as it can harm the engine.



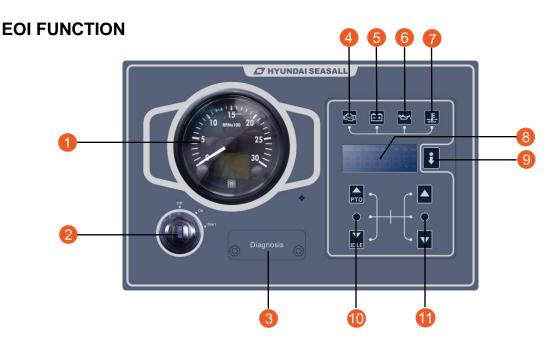
USER INTERFACE

- 1) Press the LB/RB button to cycle through the display as shown below
- 2) If there is a problem with the engine, the multifunction LDC display shows the related symbol and alarm.





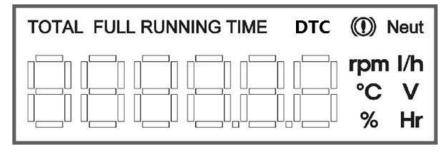
H380 Series



- 1) RPM gauge
- 2) Key switch
- 3) G scan terminal port
- 4) Check engine lamp
- 5) Charging warning lamp
- 6) Oil pressure warning lamp

- 7) Coolant high temperature warning lamp
- 8) LCD information
- 9) Function switch
- 10) PTO/IDLE Change switch
- 11) PTO/IDLE RPM Up/Down switch

LCD information



- 1) Total engine full throttle time (Hr)
- 2) Throttle position (%)
- 3) Diagnosis Trouble Code (DTC)
- 4) Engine coolant temp (°C)

- 5) Battery voltage (V)
- 6) Engine RPM (rpm)
- 7) Engine oil temp (°C) (Option)



H380 Series

WARNING LAMPS

Alarm will sound when alarm lamps flicker.

CHECK ENGINE



- This lamp informs you that the engine has a serious problem.
- You can see the DTC on the LCD of the EOI.
- The ECU may limit the engine performance to protect the engine in some cases. You should check the engine at the nearest Hyundai SeasAll dealer immediately.

OIL PRESSURE WARNING



 This lamp informs you if the engine oil pressure is low.

If this lamp is on, you should stop the engine and check the oil level with the oil gauge (dip stick). If the oil is low, refill it. If you refill the oil and the lamp still does not turn off, you should ask your Hyundai SeasAll dealer for maintenance.

CHARGING WARNING



- This lamp informs you that charging circuit has a problem (such as with the alternator).
- If this lamp is turned on, you should stop the engine and eliminate electric load, as well as check the alternator, drive belt system and wiring system.

COOLANT TEMPERATURE WARNING



- This lamp informs you that the engine coolant is abnormally high (110 °C +).
- If the lamp is on, you should stop the engine immediately and check with the nearest Hyundai SeasAll dealer immediately.
- It can be harmful to drive your engine with this lamp on.



H380 Series

SWITCHES

- 1) Function switch use to change the information display on the LCD.
- 2) PTO/IDLE change switch use to enable PTO/IDLE RPM adjustment function
- 3) UP/DOWN switch use to raise or lower PTO/IDLE RPM.

PTO MODE

- 1) Used to adjust the fixed RPM of PTO.
- 2) When PTO switch is ON, engine speed will be upgraded 700RPM (initial RPM) .
- 3) You can adjust the RPM using the UP / DOWN switch.
- 4) When PTO switch is OFF, engine speed will be returned to the value set for IDLE RPM.
- 5) Adjustable RPM area: 700 RPM ~ 900 RPM

IDLE SETTING MODE

- 1) Used to adjust the IDLE RPM.
- Operate IDLE switch on Quiescent state.
- 3) When the switch moved to the UP or DOWN position, RPM value increases or decreases by increments of 25 RPM.
- 4) When IDLE switch is OFF, IDLE RPM value will be returned to the initial RPM value.
- 5) Adjustable RPM area: 600RPM ~ 800RPM.

If you need to change the IDLE RPM value in the range of 600 RPM to 500 RPM, the value can be changed using the G-SCAN. Contact your Hyundai-SeasAll dealer.

EOI BOX (INSIDE)



- ① Connection Plug CN1 (Engine Main Connector)
- 2 Connection Plug CN2 (Inspect Terminal)
- ③ Connection Plug CN3 (Key Switch)
- 4 Connection Plug CN4 (RPM Gauge-Main)
- (5) Connection Plug CN5 (RPM Gauge-Aux)
- 6 Connection Plug CN6 (Diagnosis Tool)
- ⑦ System power fuse(3A)
- Buzzer

CUT-OUT FOR EOI SYSTEM

You can use an installation template enclosed with the EOI for a cut-out.



WARNING

LISTEN FOR A CLICK WHEN LOCKING CONNECTORS. THIS SOUND INDICATES THAT THEY ARE SECURELY LOCKED.



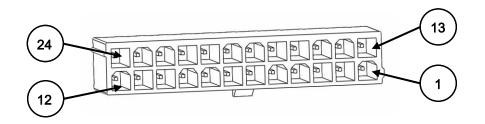
CAUTION

DO NOT CONNECT EXTRA INSTRUMENTS WHICH DRAW OVER 1 AMPERE. THE E.O.I WILL BE DAMAGED BY OVERLOAD.

H380 Series

EOI PIN ASSIGNMENT

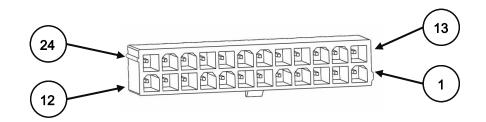
CN1 (ENGINE MAIN CONNECTOR)



- GROUND
- IDLE SWITCH
- 3. PTO LAMP
- 4. OIL PRESSURE SENDER
- 5. OIL PRESSURE SWITCH
- CLUTCH SWITCH
- CAN 1-H
- 8. BATTERY +
- 9. CAN 2-H
- 10. CAN 2-L
- 11. NEUTRAL SWITCH 1
- 12. KEY SWITCH

- 13. NEUTRAL SWITCH 2
- 14. CAN 1-L
- 15. GEARBOX OIL PRESSURE
- 16. START SWITCH
- 17. CHARGE WARNING LAMP
- 18. PTO SWITCH
- 19. PTO RES/DEC
- 20. CHECK LAMP
- 21. PTO SEC/INC
- 22. TANK LEVEL
- 23. HIGH COOLANT TEMP LAMP
- 24. NOT USED

CN2 (INSPECTION TERMINAL)



- 1. GROUND
- IDLE SWITCH
- PTO LAMP
- 4. OIL PRESSURE SENDER
- 5. OIL PRESSURE SWITCH
- CLUTCH SWITCH
- 7. CAN 1-H
- 8. BATTERY +
- 9. CAN 2-H
- 10. CAN 2-L
- 11. NEUTRAL SWITCH1
- 12. KEY SWITCH

- 13. NEUTRAL SWITCH2
- 14. CAN 1-L
- 15. GEARBOX OIL PRESSURE
- 16. START SWITCH
- 17. CHARGE WARNING LAMP
- 18. PTO SWITCH
- 19. PTO RES/DEC
- 20. CHECK LAMP
- 21. PTO SEC/INC
- 22. TANK LEVEL
- 23. HIGH COOLANT TEMP LAMP
- 24. NOT USED



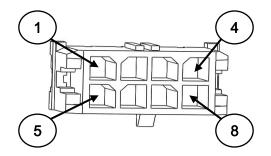
H380 Series

CN3 (KEY SWITCH)

- 1. KEY SWITCH
- 2. START SWITCH
- 3. BATTERY +

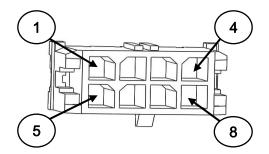
CN4 (RPM Gauge-Main)

- 1. BATTERY +
- 2. NOT USED
- 3. GROUND
- 4. KEY SWITCH
- 5. DIMMER
- 6. CAN 1-H
- 7. CAN 1-L
- 8. NOT USED



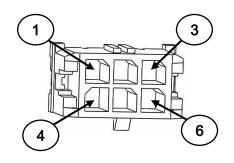
CN5 (RPM Gauge-Aux)

- 1. NOT USED
- 2. BUZZER
- 3. OIL PRESSURE SENDER
- 4. NOT USED
- 5. GEARBOX OIL PRESSURE
- 6. NOT USED
- 7. NOT USED
- 8. TANK LEVEL



CN7 (Diagnosis)

- 1. CAN 2-H
- 2. CAN 2-L
- 3. NOT USED
- 4. GROUND
- 5. BATTERY +
- 6. NOT USED





H380 Series

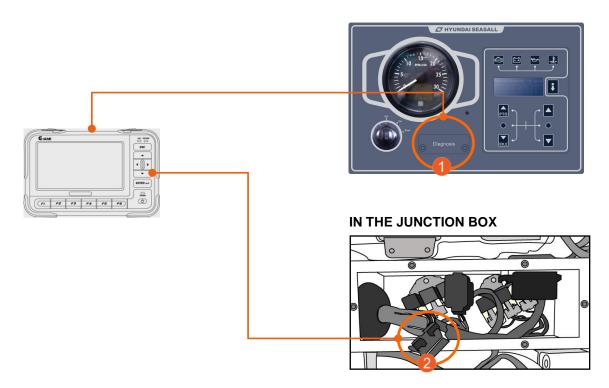
G-SCAN

G-scan is a diagnostic tool which can perform the functions of DTC analysis, fault code searching, data analysis and ECU upgrading.



G-SCAN CONNECTIONS

The G-scan can be connected to the diagnostic connector of the EOI (1), as well as to the G-scan connector in the junction box (2).





DTC(DIAGNOSIS TROUBLE CODE) AND ALARM LIST

If there is a problem in the engine, the EOI display (audible or visible) alarm and related DTC (diagnosis trouble code) will give you information about it. The DTC display is only for initial assistance and to aid communication with a Hyundai SeasAll dealer if there is an emergency. You should contact your nearest Hyundai SeasAll dealer as soon as possible if a system problem arises.

NO.	ITEM	DTC DISRIPTION	P-CODE	FAIL SAFE & DEFAULT VALUE	WARNING LAMP	BUZZER
1		Sensor Reference Voltage "A" Circuit Low	P0642		0	0
2	Accelerator lever	Sensor Reference Voltage "A" Circuit High	P0643	RPM 700 Fixed	0	0
3	Accelerator level	Throttle/Pedal Position Sensor "A" Minimum Stop Performan	P2109	Sensor Default Value : 0V, 0%	0	0
4		Throttle Actuator Control System - Forced Limited RPM	P2110		0	0
5		Intake Air Heater "A" Circuit Low	P0541			
6	Air Handan	Intake Air Heater "A" Circuit High	P0542	Ded cold start		
7	Air Heater	Intake Air Heater "A" Circuit Open	P0543	Bad cold-start		
8		Intake Air Heater System Performance	P2609			
9	Alternator	Charging System Voltage High	P2504	Fixed to Engine Idle RPM	0	0
10	Austriant air Danasaus	Barometric Pressure Circuit Low Input	P2228	Caraca Dafault Valua : 400la a		
11	Ambient air Pressure	Barometric Pressure Circuit High Input	P2229	Sensor Default Value : 100kpa		
12		Manifold Absolute Pressure Circuit Low Input	P0107		0	0
13	Boost Pressure (Manifold Absolute Pressure)	Manifold Absolute Pressure Circuit High Input	P0108	Engine Power Limitation Sensor Default Value : 150kpa	0	0
14		Manifold Absolute Pressure Plausible Fault	P1106		0	0
15		Camshaft Position Correlation Fault	P0016		0	0
16	CAM & CRANK SENSOR	Crankshaft Position Position Correlation Fault	P0017	Engine Power Limitation	0	0
17	CAIVI & CRAINE SENSOR	Crankshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit	P0335	Injection Timing Fixed to BTDC 6	0	0
18		Camshaft Position Sensor "A" Circuit	P0340		0	0
19		Internal Control Module Memory Check Sum Error	P0601		0	0
20	501	ECU Safety Circuit integrity checks Error	P060A	Facina Buraina Irana sibla	0	0
21	ECU	Fuel Injector Group "A" Supply Voltage Circuit Low	P2147	Engine Running Impossible	0	0
22		Fuel Injector Group "A" Supply Voltage Circuit High	P2148		0	0
23		Engine Coolant Temperature Circuit Low Input	P0117	• Sensor Default Value	0	0
24	Engine Coolant Temperature	Engine Coolant Temperature Circuit High Input	P0118	- Key on & Starting : -10 ℃ - Driving : 100 ℃	0	0
25		Engine Coolant Over Temperature Condition	P0217	Engine Power Limitation over 110 ℃	0	0
26	Sud Process	Low Pressure Fuel System Sensor Circuit Low	P2541	Constant Default Viel 2004	0	0
27	Fuel Pressure	Low Pressure Fuel System Sensor Circuit High	P2542	Sensor Default Value : 350Kpa	0	0



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28		Fuel Pressure Level 1 Derate	P1087			
29	Fuel Pressure Level 2 Derate P1088 Engine Power Limitation		0	0		
30		Fuel Pressure Level 3 Dreate	P1089		0	0
31	Fuel Temperature	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit Low Input	P0182	Sensor Default Value : 40 ℃		
32	· 	Fuel Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit High Input	P0183			
34	Engine check lamp &	Engine Check lamp circuit Low	P1653	Lamp no working		
35	Engine over-heated lamp	High Coolant Temperature Lamp	P1656	Lamp no working		
36		Injector Needle "1" High side circuit Low - Cylinder 1	P1201		0	0
37		Injector Needle "1" High side circuit High - Cylinder 1	P1202	No Injection	0	0
38		Injector Needle "1" Low side circuit Low - Cylinder 1	P1203		0	0
39		Injector Needle "1" Low side circuit High - Cylinder 1	P1204		0	0
40		Injector Needle "2" High side circuit Low - Cylinder 5	P1205		0	0
41		Injector Needle "2" High side circuit High - Cylinder 5	P1206	No Injection	0	0
42		Injector Needle "2" Low side circuit Low - Cylinder 5	P1207	ingecaon	0	0
43		Injector Needle "2" Low side circuit High - Cylinder 5	P1208		0	0
44		Injector Needle "3" High side circuit Low - Cylinder 3	P1209		0	0
45		Injector Needle "3" High side circuit High - Cylinder 3	P1210	No Injection	0	0
46		Injector Needle "3" Low side circuit Low - Cylinder 3	P1211	injection	0	0
47		Injector Needle "3" Low side circuit High - Cylinder 3	P1212		0	0
48		Injector Needle "4" High side circuit Low - Cylinder 6	P1213		0	0
49	Injector	Injector Needle "4" High side circuit High - Cylinder 6	P1214	No Injection	0	0
50	injector	Injector Needle "4" Low side circuit Low - Cylinder 6	P1215	injection	0	0
51		Injector Needle "4" Low side circuit High - Cylinder 6	P1216		0	0
52		Injector Needle "5" High side circuit Low - Cylinder 2	P1217		0	0
53		Injector Needle "5" High side circuit High - Cylinder 2	P1218	No Injection	0	0
54		Injector Needle "5" Low side circuit Low - Cylinder 2	P1219	No Injection	0	0
55		Injector Needle "5" Low side circuit High - Cylinder 2	P1220		0	0
56		Injector Needle "6" High side circuit Low - Cylinder 4	P1221		0	0
57		Injector Needle "6" High side circuit High - Cylinder 4	P1222	No loigetion	0	0
58		Injector Needle "6" Low side circuit Low - Cylinder 4	P1223	No Injection	0	0
59		Injector Needle "6" Low side circuit High - Cylinder 4	P1224		0	0
60		Injector Needle "1,3,5" High side circuit Low - Cylinder 1,2,3	P1225		0	0
61		Injector Needle "1,3,5" High side circuit High - Cylinder 1,2,3	P1226		0	0
62		Injector Needle "2,4,6" High side circuit Low - Cylinder 4,5,6	P1227	No Injection	0	0
63		Injector Needle "2,4,6" High side circuit High - Cylinder 4,5,6	P1228		0	0
				1		



				1	1	1
64		Injector Spill "1" High side circuit Low - Cylinder 1	P1229		0	0
65		Injector Spill "1" High side circuit High - Cylinder 1	P1230	No Injection	0	0
66		Injector Spill "1" Low side circuit Low - Cylinder 1	P1231		0	0
67		Injector Spill "1" Low side circuit High - Cylinder 1	P1232		0	0
68		Injector Spill "2" High side circuit Low - Cylinder 5	P1233		0	0
69		Injector Spill "2" High side circuit High - Cylinder 5	P1234	No Injection	0	0
70		Injector Spill "2" Low side circuit Low - Cylinder 5	P1235	No injection	0	0
71		Injector Spill "2" Low side circuit High - Cylinder 5	P1236		0	0
72		Injector Spill "3" High side circuit Low - Cylinder 3	P1237		0	0
73		Injector Spill "3" High side circuit High - Cylinder 3	P1238	Ma laiastia	0	0
74		Injector Spill "3" Low side circuit Low - Cylinder 3	P1239	No Injection	0	0
75		Injector Spill "3" Low side circuit High - Cylinder 3	P1240		0	0
76		Injector Spill "4" High side circuit Low - Cylinder 6	P1241		0	0
77	hiteran	Injector Spill "4" High side circuit High - Cylinder 6	P1242	Ma laiastia	0	0
78	Injector	Injector Spill "4" Low side circuit Low - Cylinder 6	P1243	No Injection	0	0
79		Injector Spill "4" Low side circuit High - Cylinder 6	P1244		0	0
80		Injector Spill "5" High side circuit Low - Cylinder 2	P1245		0	0
81		Injector Spill "5" High side circuit High - Cylinder 2	P1246	Ma laiastia	0	0
82		Injector Spill "5" Low side circuit Low - Cylinder 2	P1247	No Injection	0	0
83		Injector Spill "5" Low side circuit High - Cylinder 2	P1248		0	0
84		Injector Spill "6" High side circuit Low - Cylinder 4	P1249		0	0
85		Injector Spill "6" High side circuit High - Cylinder 4	P1250	No Injection	0	0
86		Injector Spill "6" Low side circuit Low - Cylinder 4	P1251	No Injection	0	0
87		Injector Spill "6" Low side circuit High - Cylinder 4	P1252		0	0
88		Injector Spill "1,3,5" High side circuit Low - Cylinder 1,2,3	P1253		0	0
89		Injector Spill "1,3,5" High side circuit High - Cylinder 1,2,3	P1254	No Injection	0	0
90		Injector Spill "2,4,6" High side circuit Low - Cylinder 4,5,6	P1255	No Injection	0	0
91		Injector Spill "2,4,6" High side circuit High - Cylinder 4,5,6	P1256		0	0
92	Intake Tomporeture	Intake Air Temperature Sensor 1 Circuit Low Input	P0112	• Sensor Default Value		
93	Intake Temperature	Intake Air Temperature Sensor 1 Circuit High Input	P0113	- Key on & Starting : -10 ℃ - Driving : 50 ℃		
94		System Voltage Low	P0562	Sensor Default Value : 28V	0	0
95	System Voltage	System Voltage High	P0563	Consol Delault value . 20v	0	0
96	Oystem Voltage	Sensor Reference Voltage "B" Circuit Low	P0652	Sensor Default Value : 0V	0	0
97		Sensor Reference Voltage "B" Circuit High	P0653	Joenson Delauit value . UV	0	0

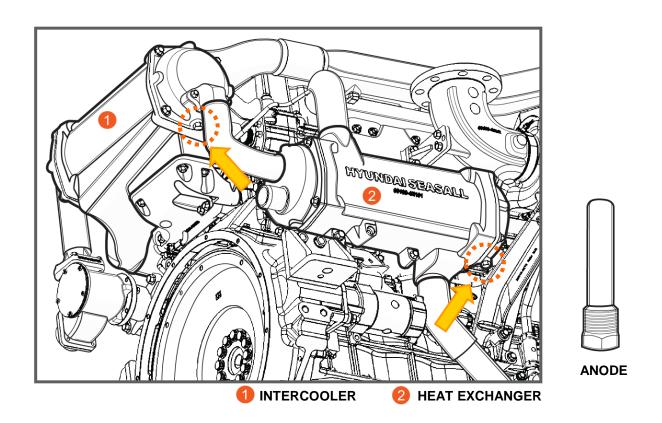


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98		Turbocharger Turbine Overspeed	P0049	Engine Power Limitation	0	0
99	TURBO CHARGER SPEED	Turbocharger speed sensor circuit Low	P2580	Sensor Default Value : 100000RPM	0	0
100		Turbocharger speed sensor circuit high	P2581	Sensor Delauit value : 100000KPM	0	0
101		VGT initialize Error	P1045		0	0
102		VGT PWM Drive Error	P3270		0	0
103		VGT Position control Error	P3284		0	0
104	VGT	VGT Power supply Error	P3285	VGT Vane Full Open	0	0
105	VGI	VGT Wiping Function Error	P3286	Engine Power Limitation	0	0
106		VGT Position sensor Error	P3287		0	0
107		VGT Temperature sensor Error	P3288		0	0
108		VGT Electronic Module Error	P3289		0	0
109		Stater Relay Circuit	P0615		0	0
110	STARTER MOTOR	Starter Relay Circuit Low	P0616		0	0
111		Starter Relay Circuit High	P0617		0	0
109	ENGINE OIL PRESSURE	Engine Oil Pressure Low	-		0	0



CHAPTER 9 ANTI CORROSION SYSTEM



- 1) ANODE for corrosion protection. Must be replaced every 250 hours.
- 2) When used in salt or brackish water, regular inspection is required. It is strongly recommended to replace the sacrificial anode at the start of each season.



CAUTION

- DON'T OPERATE ENGINE WITHOUT ANODES. IT IS HARMFUL TO YOUR ENGINE.
- CLOSE THE SEAWATER VALVE BEFORE REMOVING ANODES.
- MAKE SURE TO CHECK THE ANODE PLUG IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS MANUAL: DON'T LOOSEN COOLANT DRAIN PLUG.



CHAPTER 10 ENGINE STORAGE

The major consideration in preparing your engine for storage is to protect it from rust, corrosion, and damage caused by freezing of trapped water.

The following storage procedures should be followed to prepare your engine for out-of-season storage or prolonged storage (two months or longer and/or winter storage):

CHECK LIST

- · Visual inspection for leaks and damage
- · Change engine oil and oil filter
- Replace fuel filter
- · Check air filter element and clean if necessary
- Check engine coolant level and top up if necessary
- Check impeller and replace if necessary
- · Check anodes and replace if necessary
- Clean the engine
- Flush and drain seawater cooling system
- Fill fuel tank until full and inspect the fuel system
- · Remove the battery and store in a cool, dry place



CAUTION

FOR WINTER STORAGE, SEAWATER SHOULD BE DRAINED FULLY BY LOOSENING THE HEAT EXCHANGER ANODE.
REFER TO CHAPTER 9.



H380 Series

CHAPTER 11 MAINTENANCE

THE INITIAL RUNNING CHECK

BEFORE THE WATER TEST

Seawater inlet valve open Engine coolant level Cooling system hose clamps tight Engine oil level Power steering fluid level Drive belt tension All electrical connections tight EOI warning system operation Battery fully charged and secured All fuel connections tight Exhaust system hose clamps tight Engine mounts tight Engine alignment Correct propeller rotation (Installed and torqued) Engine coolant and oil drain plug closed Throttle, shift and steering system fasteners tightened properly Boat drain plug in place (Check before putting boat in water)

ON THE WATER TEST

Seawater pump operating properly	
Seawater strainer correctly mounted,	
Clean and tightly closed	
Engine alignment (propulsion only)	
Fuel leaks	
Oil leaks	
Coolant leaks	
Water leaks	
Exhaust leaks and color	
EOI and gauges operating properly	
Engine emergency stop switch operating properly	

PROPULSION CHECKS

Steering operation throughout full range	
Forward - Neutral - Reverse gear proper operation	
Drive line components properly torqued	
Propeller nut torque	

AFTER THE WATER TEST

Idle RPM, within specifications

WOT RPM, within specifications

(in forward gear)

Fuel, oil, coolant, water and fluid – no leaks	
Oil and fluid levels	
Propeller nut torque	





H380 Series

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

○ : Check/Clean, ◇ : Check (Replace if Necessary), ● : Replace

	Daily	250h	600h	1000h	Minimun 1 y /Necessary
Check coolant level and check for leaks 1)	0				
Clean Seawater strainer	0				
Check for Exhaust system leaks	0				
Check for Fuel system leaks	0				
Check the engine oil level and check for leaks	0				
Check the battery operating voltage	0				
Check the oil level and check the steering system for leaks	0				
Check transmission lubrication level and the propulsion system ²⁾ for leaks	0				
Engine oil and filter ³⁾		•			\Diamond
Check the sacrificial anodes ¹⁾ Anti corrosion system		•			♦
Check hose clamps for tightness and corrosion		\Diamond			♦
Check the electrical system for tight connections		\Diamond			♦
Check tightness of the bolts, nuts and other fasteners		♦	•		♦
Fuel filter and water separator		\Diamond	•		♦
Air filter		\Diamond	•		♦
Drive belt			\$		\$
Heat exchanger tube bundle			\$		♦
Inter-cooler tube bundle			\langle		♦
Replace the seawater pump impeller			\langle	•	♦
Turbocharger				\$	\$
Check the Auto Drain valve system.					\$

- 1) Replace the coolant every two years.
- 2) For detailed propulsion system information, refer to the manufacturer's manual.
- 3) Replace the engine oil after the first 100 hours of operation.



CAUTION

YOU SHOULD EXERCISE THE UTMOST CARE TO PREVENT INJURY TO YOURSELF OR ENGINE DAMAGE WHENEVER PERFORMING ANY MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS.



A/S PART NUMBER

P/N	DESCRIPTION	QTY	Remarks
26325-82700	OIL FILTER ELEMENT SERVICE KIT	1	
31945-82010	FILTER CATRIDGE-FUEL	1	
31945-7L002	ELEMENT-WATER SEPARATOR	1	
00500-4H170	AIR FILTER	1	
00400-4H160	SEAWATER PUMP ASSEMBLY	1	
00400-4H290	IMPELLER KIT	1	
00400-4H298	MINOR KIT-SEAWATER PUMP	1	
00400-4H299	MAJOR KIT-SEAWATER PUMP	1	
00100-5S117	ANODE	2	
00300-1A004	ENGINE OIL(GENUINE ORIGINAL EQUIPMENT CI-4 , 4L)	4	
00900-4H180	V-RIBBED BELT	1	



MAINTENANCE LOG

DATE	MAINTENANCE PERFORMED	ENGINE HOURS



CHAPTER 12 TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

■ Starter motor does not crank the engine

Possible Causes			
•Engine stop switch is not in the "ON" position (Switch is pressed)	Engine is not shifted to neutral position Wrong neutral switch connection to EOI		
•Weak battery or battery connections are loose or corroded	•Starter motor solenoid or slave solenoid failure		
•Ignition key switch failure	•Defective EOI fuse (3A)		
•Wiring or electrical connection fault	•Defective ECU		

■ Engine cranks but does not start

Possible Causes			
•Weak battery or bad starter motor	•Low fuel pressure		
•No fuel	•Low compression pressure		
•ECU not functioning	Crank position sensor not functioning		
•Incorrect starting procedure	•Fuel is not reaching the engine		
•Faulty fuel filter or electric fuel pump	•Bad fuel quality or water in fuel		
•Faulty fuse	•Faulty injector		

■ Engine starts with difficulty or starts and stalls

Possible Causes		
•Low fuel pressure in fuel rail	•Fuel return line not connected at injector	
•Leakage in high pressure fuel circuit	•Faulty alternator or voltage regulator	
•Faulty fuse	•No engine coolant temperature sensor signal	
•No rail pressure sensor signal	•Low battery voltage	
•Oil level too high or too low	•Low compression pressure	
•ECU program error or hardware fault	•Clogged fuel filter	

■ Engine idle is rough

Possible Causes			
•Fuel return line not connected at injector	•Low compression pressure		
•No rail pressure sensor signal	•Injector clamp poorly tightened		
•Wiring harness open or poor connection	•Faulty high pressure fuel pump		
•Bad fuel quality or water in fuel	•Faulty injector		
•Clogged fuel filter / air filter	Carbon deposit on the injector		



CHAPTER 12 TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

■ Starter motor does not crank the engine

Possible Causes			
•Engine stop switch is not in the "ON" position (Switch is pressed)	•Engine is not shifted to neutral position •Wrong neutral switch connection to EOI		
•Weak battery or battery connections are loose or corroded	•Starter motor solenoid or slave solenoid failure		
•Ignition key switch failure	•Defective EOI fuse (3A)		
•Wiring or electrical connection fault	•Defective ECU		

■ Engine cranks but does not start

Possible Causes		
•Weak battery or bad starter motor	•Low fuel pressure	
•No fuel	•Low compression pressure	
•ECU not functioning	Crank position sensor not functioning	
•Incorrect starting procedure	•Fuel is not reaching the engine	
•Faulty fuel filter or electric fuel pump	•Bad fuel quality or water in fuel	
•Faulty fuse	•Faulty injector	

■ Engine starts with difficulty or starts and stalls

Possible Causes			
•Low fuel pressure in fuel rail	•Fuel return line not connected at injector		
•Leakage in high pressure fuel circuit	•Faulty alternator or voltage regulator		
•Faulty fuse	•No engine coolant temperature sensor signal		
•No rail pressure sensor signal	•Low battery voltage		
•Oil level too high or too low	•Low compression pressure		
•ECU program error or hardware fault	•Clogged fuel filter		

■ Engine idle is rough

Possible Causes		
•Fuel return line not connected at injector	•Low compression pressure	
•No rail pressure sensor signal	•Injector clamp poorly tightened	
•Wiring harness open or poor connection	•Faulty high pressure fuel pump	
•Bad fuel quality or water in fuel	•Faulty injector	
•Clogged fuel filter / air filter	•Carbon deposit on the injector	



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CHAPTER 13 WARRANTY

HYUNDAI SEASALL RATING CATEGORIES FOR MARINE ENGINE

S5 : Pleasure Duty

- Full power operation restricted to within 10% of total use period
- Cruising speed (RPM) at engine RPM < 90% of rated speed (RPM)
- Operating less than 400 hours per year

S4: Special Pleasure Duty / Special Light Duty Commercial

- Full power operation restricted to within 10% of total use period
- Cruising speed (RPM) at engine RPM < 90% of rated speed (RPM)
- Operating less than 1,000 hours per year

S3: Light Duty Commercial

- Full power operation restricted to within 20% of total use period
- Cruising speed (RPM) at engine RPM < 90% of rated speed (RPM)
- Operating less than 1,500 hours per year

S2: Medium Duty Commercial

- Full power operation restricted to within 30% of total use period
- Cruising speed (RPM) at engine RPM < 90% of rated speed (RPM)
- Operating less than 3,000 hours per year

S1: Heavy Duty Commercial

-Uninterrupted and unlimited use at full power.

APPLICATION OF WARRANTY COVERAGE

Warranty coverage is available only to retail customers who purchase from a dealer authorized by Hyundai SeasAll to distribute the product in the country in which the sale occurred, and then only after the Hyundai SeasAll specified pre-delivery inspection process is completed and documented. Warranty coverage becomes available upon proper registration of the product by the authorized dealer. Routine maintenance outlined in the Installation and Operation Manual must be performed in a timely fashion in order to obtain warranty coverage. Hyundai SeasAll reserves the right to make any warranty coverage contingent upon proof of proper maintenance.

This warranty may be rendered invalid at Hyundai SeasAll's discretion based upon:

- 1) Modifications not authorized by Hyundai SeasAll
- 2) Handling errors
- 3) Improperly performed Pre-Delivery Inspection
- 4) Unsuitable fuels, coolant or lubricants
- 5) Using the engine outside of the specified duty cycle rating
- 6) Overloading
- 7) Improperly performed repairs
- 8) Improper maintenance interval(s)
- 9) No submitted Pre-Delivery Inspection Card and Warranty Registration Card



H380 Series

DURATION OF WARRANTY

Leisure Applications

Engine	Rating	Base Engine year hour		Extended Majo (Includes Base E	•
				year	hour
S250/D170/U125	S5	2	1,000	4	2,000
**H380/L500	S5	2	-	4	5,000

^{**} Operating less than 1,500 hours per year and Full Power operation < 10% of total use period

Warranty period is limited by Years or Hours whichever occurs first.

- Major Components: Engine Block Casting, Crankshaft Forging, Connecting Rods, Camshaft Forging, Transmission Cover/Housing, Flywheel Housing, Intake Manifold, Fresh Water Pump Housing and Oil Pan.
- Cylinder Liner or Cylinder Bore scratches are not included in extended major part warranty coverage.

Commercial Applications

Engine	Rating	Base Engine		Extended Major Components (Includes Base Engine Warranty)	
		year	hour	year	hour
S250/D170/U125	S4	1	1,000	3	2,000
S220/D150	S3	1	1,500	3	6,500
H380/L500	S1	1	5,000	3	10,000

- Warranty period is limited by Years or Hours whichever occurs first.
- Major Components: Engine Block Casting, Crankshaft Forging, Connecting Rods, Camshaft Forging, Transmission Cover/Housing, Flywheel Housing, Intake Manifold, Fresh Water Pump Housing and Oil Pan.
- Cylinder Liner or Cylinder Bore scratches are not included in extended major part warranty coverage.

Hyundai SeasAll Rating Categories For Marine Auxiliary Engine (Ratings in accordance with *ISO 8528*)

Standby Power

- 1) Operating less than 500 hours per year with average 90% load of the declared Standby Power
- 2) No overload capability is available for this rating.

Prime Power

- 1) Average power operation is not exceed 70% of the declared Prime Power.
- 2) A 10% overload is permissible for 1 hour per 12 hours of operation.
- 3) Maximum prime power shall not exceed 500 hours per year.



H380 Series

Marin Auxiliary Engine

Engine	Rating	Base Engine		Extended Major Components (Included Base Engine Warranty)	
		year	hour	year	Hour
L500G	Standby Power	2	1,000	4	3,000
H350G/L460G	Prime Power	1	-	3	10,000

WARRANTY STARTING DATE

Warranty Begins:

- 1) When engine is delivered to the first retail purchaser
- 2) When the engine is first leased or rented
- 3) When the engine is operated for greater than 10 hours, whichever occurs first.
- 4) When the products reaches the first day of the 7 month after the product has been shipped from Hyundai SeasAll, the warranty date will be started automatically. If you submit the "Pre-Delivery Inspection Card" and "Warranty Registration Card", the starting date can be changed to the date on your documents.

WARRANTY REGISTRATION

Warranty Registration Card must be submitted to Hyundai SeasAll within 30 days of the Warranty Starting Date. The Warranty Registration Card identifies information on customer and product, models and serial numbers, date of sale, type of use and the selling dealer etc. If the 'Warranty Registration Card' and 'Pre-Delivery Inspection Card' are not approved or not submitted to Hyundai SeasAll within 30 days from Warranty Starting Date, Hyundai SeasAll reserves the right to decline warranty reimbursement.

TRANSFER OF WARRANTY COVERAGE BETWEEN OWNERS

This limited warranty is transferable to a subsequent purchaser, but only for the remainder of the unused portion of the limited warranty. To transfer the warranty to the subsequent owner, the revised "Warranty Registration Card" and "Pre-Delivery Inspection Card" should be submitted to Hyundai SeasAll's distributor or dealer. Upon processing the transfer of warranty, Hyundai SeasAll will verify the warranty registration of the new owner.

WHAT HYUNDAI SEASALL WILL DO

Hyundai SeasAll will pay for all parts and labor needed to repair the damage to the product resulting from a defect in materials or factory workmanship.

The warranty does not apply to any damage or defect that is the result of abnormal use or carelessness.

The repair or replacement of parts, or the performance of service under this warranty does not extend the life of this warranty beyond its original expiration date.



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OWNER'S OBLIGATIONS

It is the owner's obligation to install, operate, maintain and care for Hyundai SeasAll engines in accordance with the instructions and requirements stated in the Installation and Operation Manual.

The owner is responsible for providing enough time and cooperation to get the engine repaired by an authorized dealer, and to deliver it to a proper facility for repair.

The owner is responsible for the cost for warranty inspection, including hauling out, launching and transportation.

BUSINESS PARTNER'S OBLIGATIONS

It is Hyundai SeasAll's Distributor and/or Dealer's responsibility to support the retail customer with prompt diagnosis and repair whether or not the engine was sold by the servicing dealer or by the Distributor responsible for the territory.

It is Hyundai SeasAll's Distributor's responsibility to communicate all warranty issues to the factory in a timely manner so that they can be quickly resolved.

HOW TO OBTAIN WARRANTY COVERAGE

The customer must provide Hyundai SeasAll with a reasonable opportunity to repair the engine, as well as reasonable access to the product for warranty service. Warranty claims shall be made to a Hyundai SeasAll Authorized Repair Facility to service the product. Purchaser shall not, unless requested by Hyundai SeasAll, ship the product or parts of the product directly to Hyundai SeasAll. The warranty registration card is the only valid registration identification and must be presented to the dealer at the time warranty service is requested in order to obtain coverage.

WHAT IS COVERED

Hyundai SeasAll warrants its products to be free of defects in material and workmanship during the warranty period.

LIMITATIONS - EXPENDABLE PARTS

Not included are the following expendable parts:

- Filters: fuel filter, engine oil filter, air filter
- · Lubricants: engine oil, coolant, power steering oil.
- Rubber products: seawater pump impeller, rubber hoses, belts, engine coupler, rubber isolation mounts, bellows.
- Gaskets, anodes.



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WHAT IS NOT COVERED

- Fuel injector or filter cleaning
- Belt, cable adjustments or lubrication checks made in connection with normal services.
- Damage caused by neglect, lack of maintenance, accidents, abnormal operation, improper installation or service, unapproved modifications or freezing temperatures.
- Haul-out (crane), launching or towing charges, removal and/or replacement of boat partitions or material for necessary access to the product, all related transportation charges and/or travel time, etc.
- All incidental and/or consequential damages (storage charges, telephone or rental charges of any type, inconvenience or loss of time or income) are the owner's responsibility.
- Use of other than Hyundai SeasAll genuine replacement parts when making warranty repairs.
- · Participating in or preparing for racing or other competitive activity.
- Water entering the engine via the air inlet filter or exhaust system or submersion.
 Water in the starter motor.
- · Failure of any parts caused by lack of cooling water.
- · Damage caused by blockage of the cooling system by foreign matter.
- Use of fuels and lubricants that are not suitable for use with or on the product as specified in the Installation and Operation Manual.
- · Normal wear and tear
- Storage damage (partially painting scratch)
- Cost resulting from ineffective or repeated repairs; improper repairs due to misdiagnosis.
- Owner's personal cost (indirect loss) resulting from maintenance

TRANSMISSION AND STERNDRIVE WARRANTIES

Transmissions and drive systems (ZF Marine, Mercury etc.) are covered under separate warranties, provided and serviced by those companies. For information on those warranties, please see the separate booklets included in the original packaging of your Hyundai SeasAll purchase.



WARRANTY REGISTRATION CARD

This card is essential for registration of the customer's warranty.

Please fill out the following registration card in English.

Date of sale					
Month	Day	Year			
If Warranty	Transfer ,	Check			
box					

REPOWER □

■OWNER'S INFORMATION

Name or Company	E-Mail Address	
Country	State / Province / City	
Operating Location		

DEALER INFORMATION

Dealer / Installer	Distributor Name	
City	E-Mail Address	

■ ENGINE INFORMATION

Number of Engines	Single	Dual 🗌	
Engine Model			Gear Model
Engine Serial No.			Gear/Drive Serial
			Transom Serial No.
Engine Model			Gear Model
Engine Serial No.			Gear/Drive Serial
			Transom Serial No.

■ BOAT INFORMATION

Manufacturer			Material	Steel	☐ Alu.	☐ FRF	P
Model			LOA		ft	Beam	ft
Boat Type			Hull ID				
Type of Use	Pleasure □	Commercial□	Planing	□ S	emi Disp[] Di	splacemer <u></u>

Dealer's Instructions: Dealers must complete this card to register the warranty. Please return the copy to your national Importer/Distributor immediately. Unregistered engines are subject to warranty rejection.

HYUNDAI SEASALL